



//galea

Model Risk Management
An applied process of a model review

Talk presented by Mélissande Sanchez

msanchez@galea-associes.eu

Table of contents

Background and purpose of the study	3
Themes around model that requiring a review	5
Issues and works - Data	6
Issues and works – Methods and hypotheses	9
Issues and works – Validation tests	10
Appendixes	13

Background and purpose of the study (1/2)

- // Models are primary source of information.

- // Constraints for Institutions :
 - Respecting the models' theoretical properties
 - Guarantying coherence
 - Parameters' adequacy and justifying the hypotheses
 - Optimizing the computing time
 - Reglementary requirements

- // Model reviews are becoming increasingly frequent, and carried out either by the regulator or by financial institutions.

- // Insurance : work of the actuarial and risk management functions

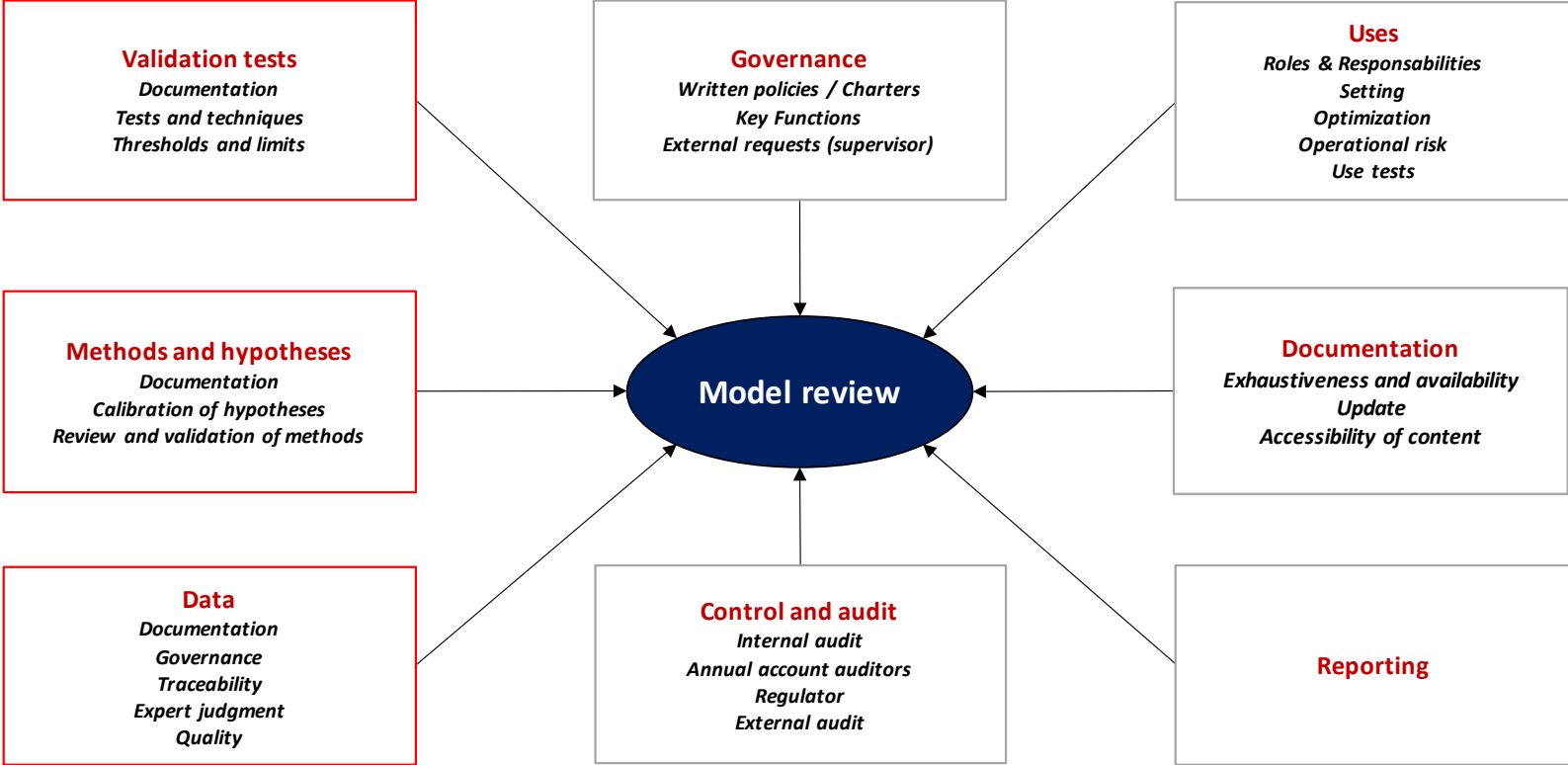
Background and purpose of the study (2/2)

- // Market practices have evolved, especially by developing the enforcement of models' governance system.

- // The model review is an essential and value-added measure that allows :
 - More informed decision-making
 - Understanding of statistical uncertainties
 - Anticipation of the impact of future reglementary changes
 - Better global efficiency

- // Models is at the root of multiple strategic activities :
 - production of financial statements
 - product launching
 - forecasting the business activities
 - Etc.

Themes around model that requiring a review



Issues and works

Data (1/2)

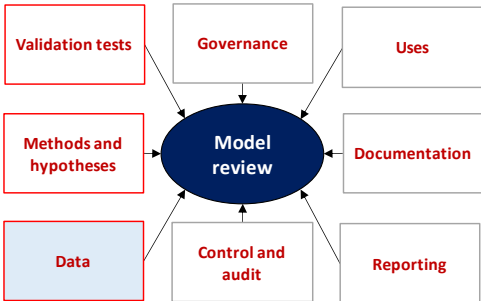
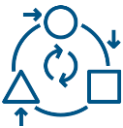


- // Documentation :
 - Centralization of expert judgments
 - Written policies with details about the data management process

- // Data governance :
 - Defining roles and responsibilities according to their fields of activity, in particular that of the DQO (Data Quality Officer)
 - Management of external data
 - Compliance of the data

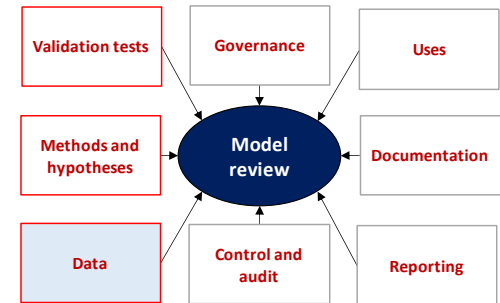
- // Data accessibility :
 - Sustainability and robustness of the Information Technology

- // Full traceability :
 - Data dictionary
 - Data flow
 - IT tools



Issues and works

Data (2/2)



// Expert judgments :

- Documentation
- Update
- Reviewing of the techniques for incomplete data
- Thresholds and limits for data validation
- Data validation and understanding

// Data quality :

- Insurance : criteria of quality from Solvency 2
 - Accuracy
 - Completeness
 - Appropriateness
- Temporal consistency / data reconciliation from a year to another

Issues and works

Data



Application

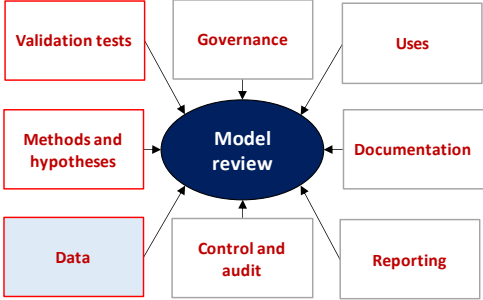
// Statistical tests

- Significance tests
 - Student test
 - Fisher test

$$z = \sqrt{n} \times \frac{\bar{x} - \mu_0}{s_n^*} \text{ where } s_n^* = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n-1} \sum_i^n (x_i - \bar{x}_n)^2}$$

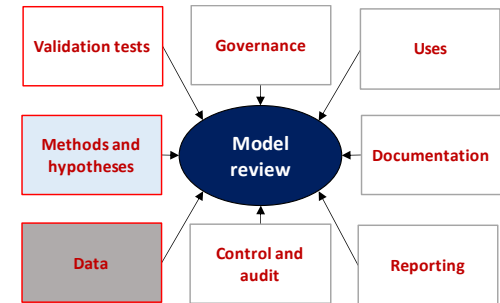
- Correlation between 2 variables (Pearson)

$$t = (n - 2)^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{|r_p(x^1, x^2)|}{\sqrt{1 - r_p(x^1, x^2)}} \text{ where } r_p(x^1, x^2) = \frac{\sum_i (x_i^1 - \bar{x}^1)(x_i^2 - \bar{x}^2)}{\sqrt{\sum_i (x_i^1 - \bar{x}^1)^2 \sum_i (x_i^2 - \bar{x}^2)^2}}$$



Issues and works

Methods and hypotheses



// Documentation :

- Comprehensive and understandable technical sheets and user manuals.

// Calibration of hypotheses and choice of methods :

- Comparing expert judgment
- *Benchmark*
- Limits of the hypotheses
- Regular update
- Hypotheses stability
- Complexity and difficulty of implemented methods
- Validation of proxies

Issues and works

Validation tests



// Documentation :

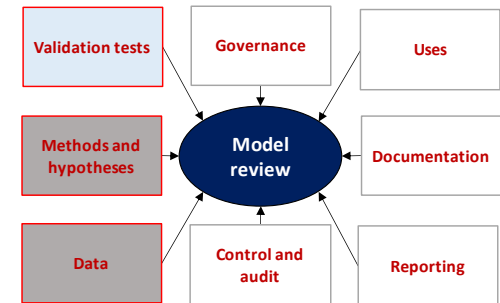
- Process/Check-list of the tests

// Techniques and tests :

- Back testing, change of experience measurement
- Sampling / test cases
- Stress tests
- Movement analysis
- *Benchmarks*
- Managing the convergence gap (for stochastic models)
- Discriminant analysis/Cross validation methods

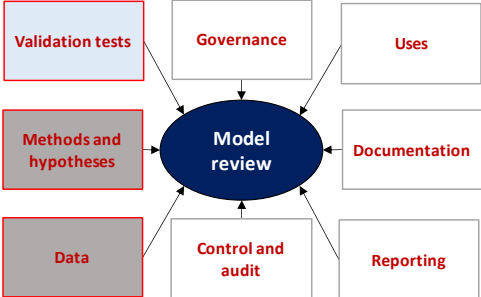
// Thresholds and limits :

- Defining tolerance thresholds and review of their good application.



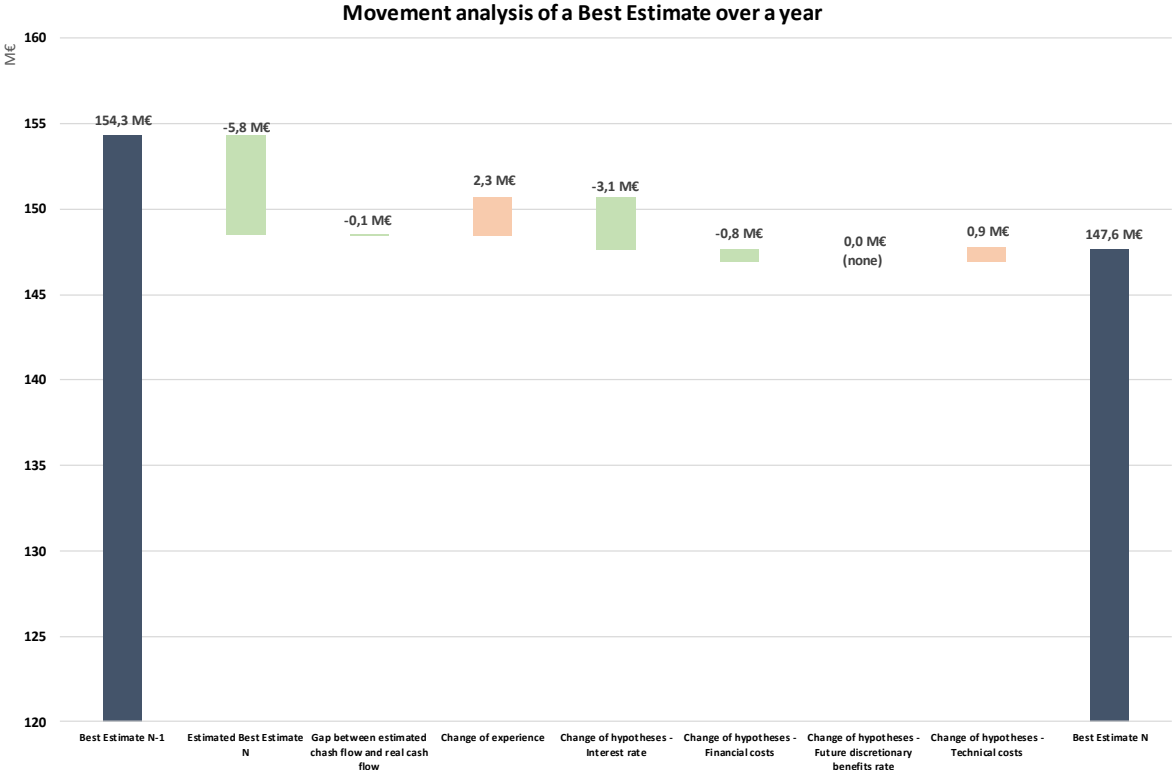
Issues and works

Validation tests



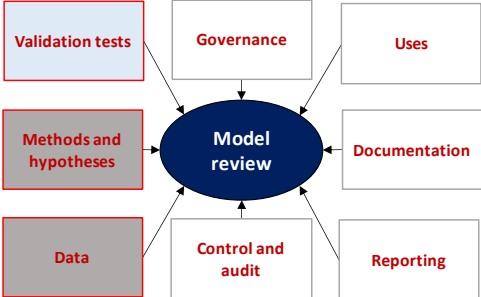
Application

// Movement analysis



Issues and works

Validation tests



Application

// Stochastic ALM model/Convergence gap

$$\Delta = \text{Asset market value} + \text{other assets} - (\text{PVFP} + \text{Best estimate} + \text{others liabilities})$$

// Proportional hazards assumption (Cox Model)

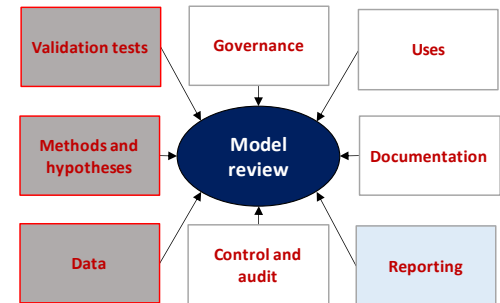
$$\frac{\lambda(t/Z_i)}{\lambda(t/Z_j)} = \frac{\exp(\beta' \cdot Z_i)}{\exp(\beta' \cdot Z_j)}$$

Appendix 1 : Issues and works

Reporting



Application



// An insurance company's dashboard to the AMSB



Model Risk Management - An applied process of a model review

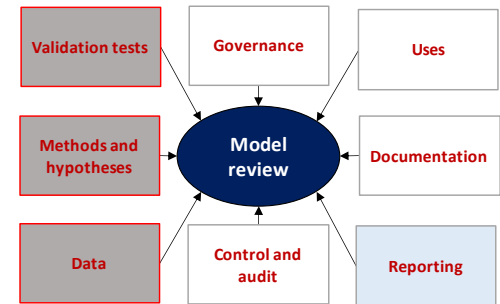
Confidential - 13

Appendix 2 : Issues and works

Reporting



Application



// An insurance company's dashboard to the AMSB

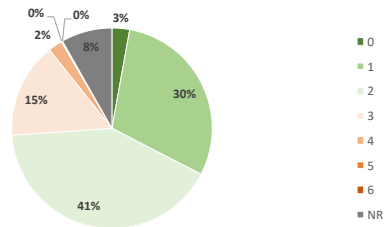
Rating of financial instrument

Rating	Market value 12/31/N	Weight
0	4 M€	3%
1	40 M€	30%
2	55 M€	41%
3	21 M€	15%
4	3 M€	2%
5	0 M€	0%
6	0 M€	0%
NR	11 M€	8%

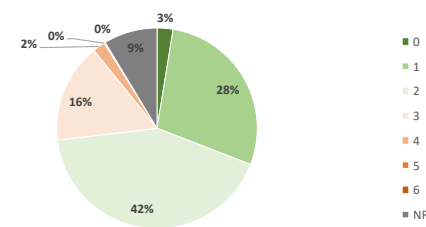
Rating	Market value 12/31/N-1	Weight
0	4 M€	3%
1	42 M€	28%
2	63 M€	42%
3	24 M€	16%
4	3 M€	2%
5	0 M€	0%
6	0 M€	0%
NR	13 M€	9%

Evolution
-0%
-6%
-12%
-14%
+2%
0%
0%
-15%

Distribution by rating of the financial assets - 12/31/N



Distribution by rating of the financial assets - 12/31/N-1



//galea